Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR) Institute of Gender and Health **Connecting Gender, Work and** Health





John Oliffe **University of British Columbia**



About the Institute of Gender and Health (IGH)

Our **mission** is to foster research excellence regarding the influence of gender and sex on the health of women and men throughout life and to apply these research findings to identify and address pressing health challenges.







Every cell is sexed

Every person is gendered





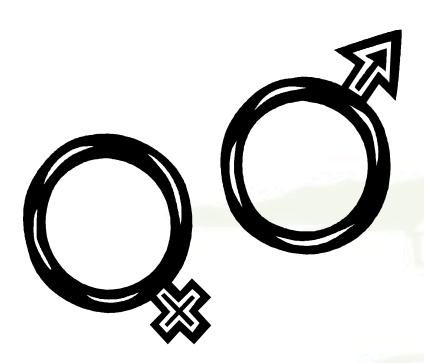


Gender

- •A social construct
- Encompasses gender roles, gender identity, gender relations, institutionalized gender
- Linked to power and to economic and social status
- Culturally and temporally specific
- •Shapes health care access, health behaviours







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ARE YOU MAN ENOUGH...

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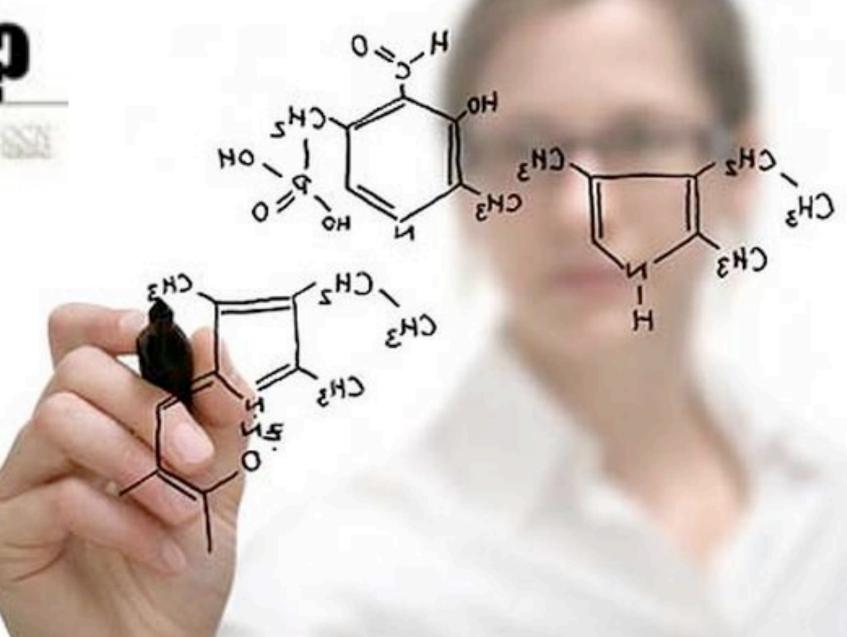
...TO BE A NU

If you must a Career that demands intelligence, courage, and skill, and atters unlimited opportunity, consider nursing.

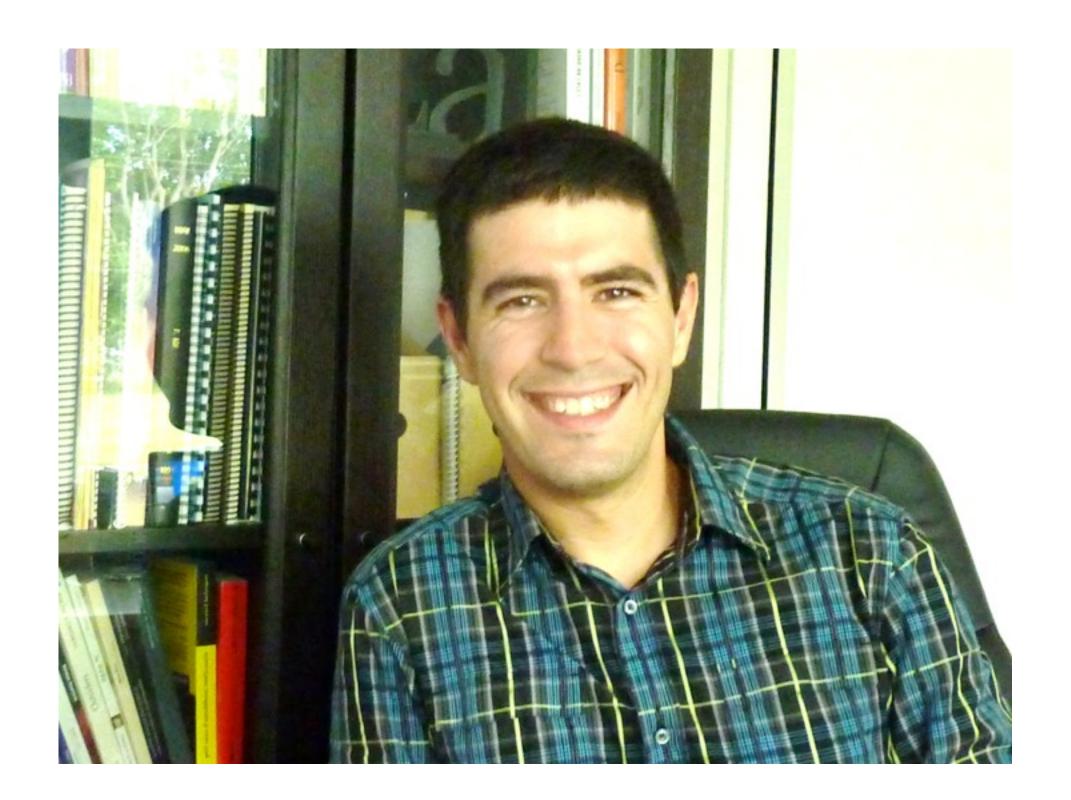


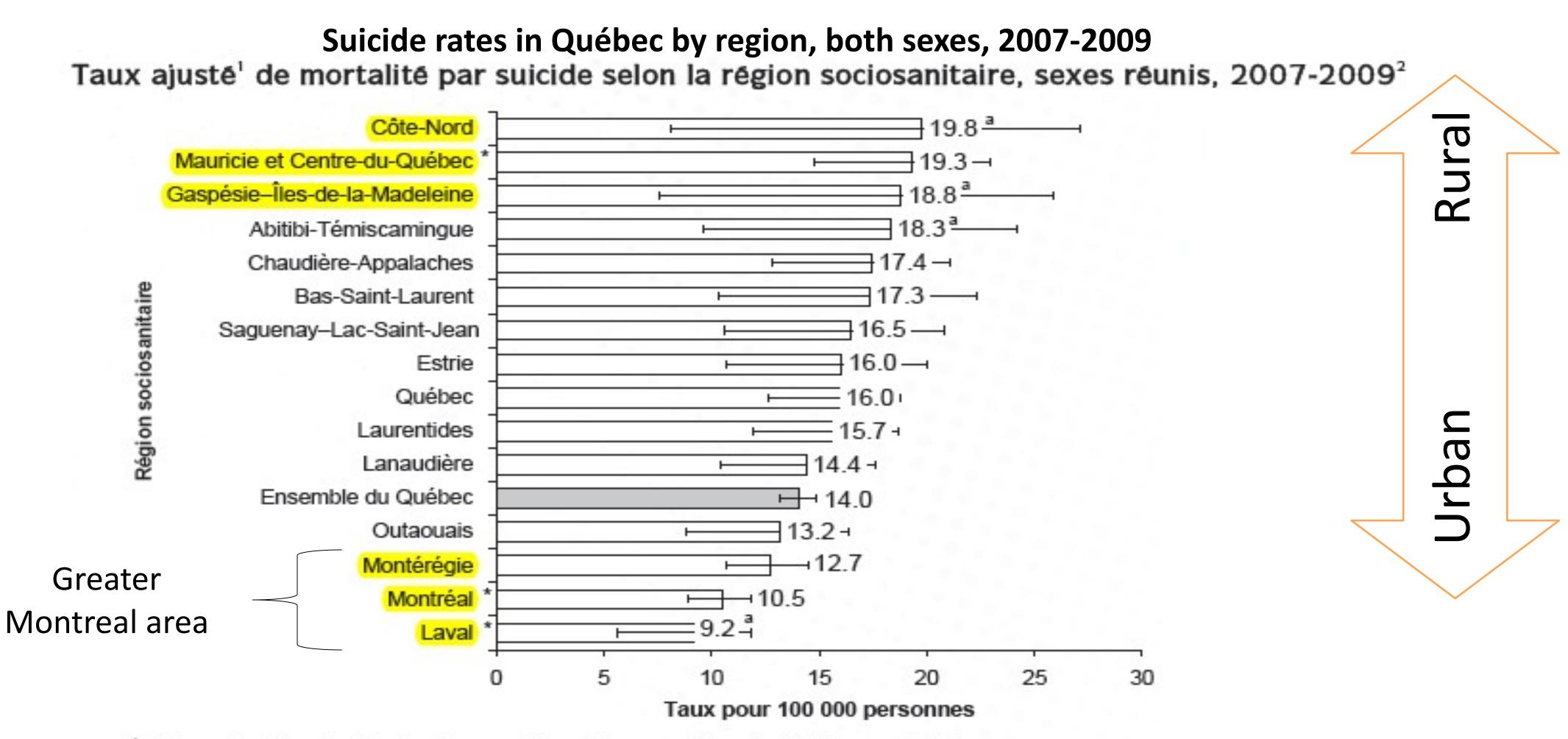
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Male Farmer's and Suicide by Gender



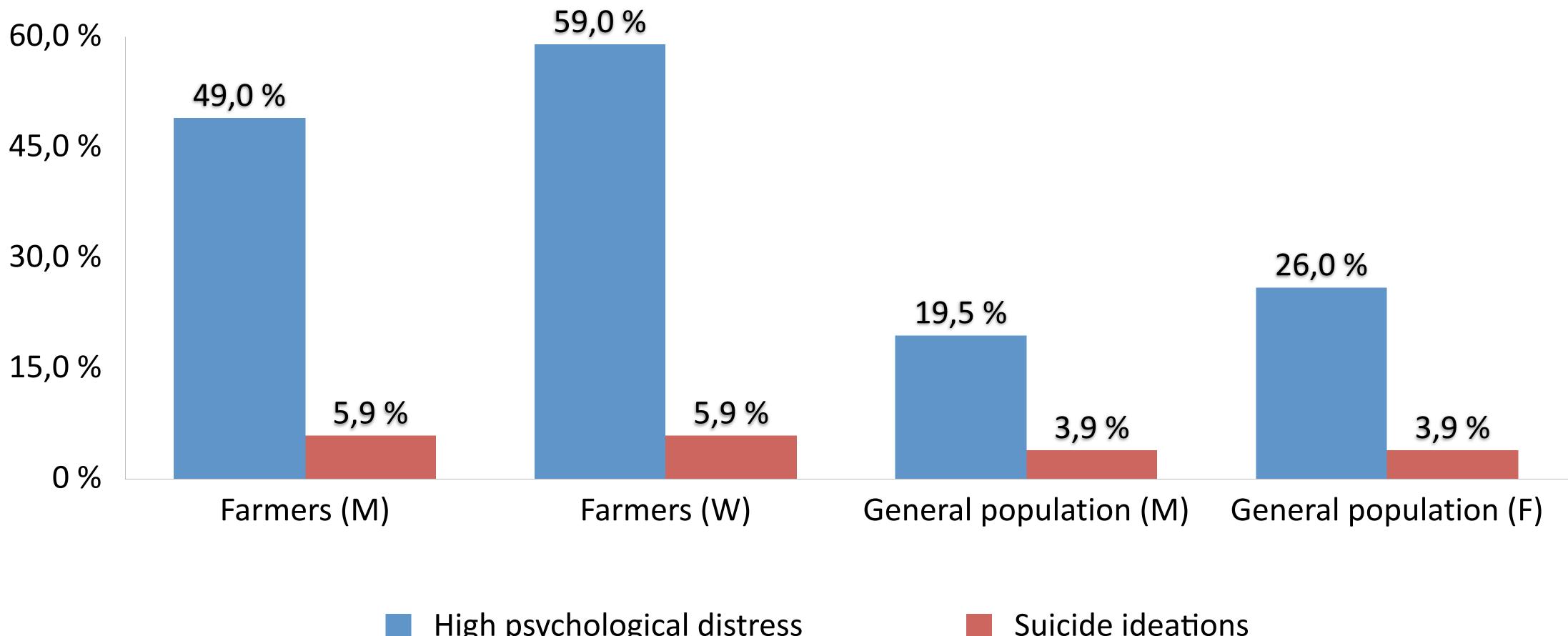


- Taux ajustés selon la structure par âge de la population du Québec en 2001.
- Données provisoires pour les années 2008 et 2009 provenant de la banque de données des coroners. À interpréter avec réserve.
- Le taux de la région est significativement différent du taux provincial à un seuil ∞ de 5 %.
- Coefficient de variation supérieur à 16,6 % et inférieur à 33,3 %. La valeur doit être interprétée avec prudence.

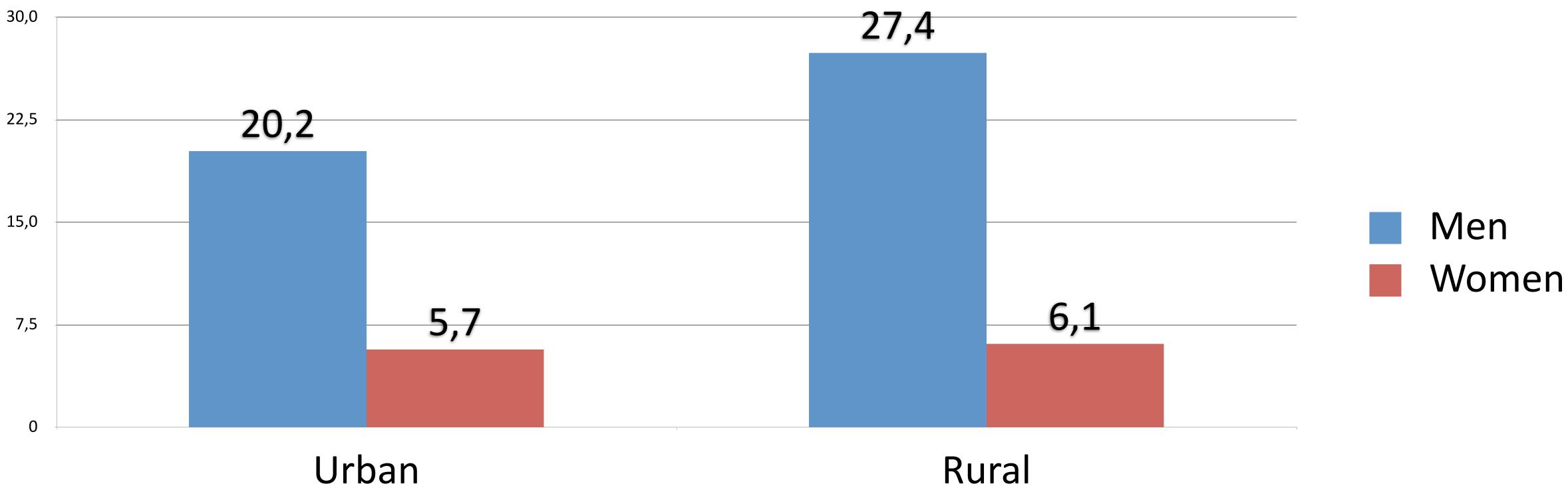
Sources : MSSS, Fichier des décès de 2007 et banque de données des coroners 2008 et 2009. MSSS, Perspectives démographiques basées sur le recensement de 2006.

<u>Ref: Gagné, Légaré, Perron & St-Laurent, 2011</u>

High levels of psychological distress and suicide ideations among farmers (Lafleur & Allard 2006)



High psychological distress



Québec's suicide rates

(Martinez & al., 2004)

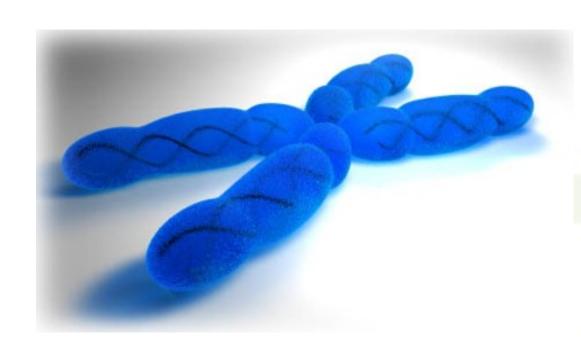
Rural

- Biological construct
- •Encompasses hormones, genes, anatomy, physiology, and so forth
- of health conditions and diseases metabolism, diseases and conditions vary by sex
- •Affects propensity, trajectories, prevalence and treatment Differences in drug absorption, body composition,













Leo Sher, Mount Sinai School of Medicine, NY

Suicide and Sex

Gender and Sex: so close...yet so far apart?

- Binary distinction
- Operational conflation
- •Challenges of operationalizing and measuring gender
 - -What dimension(s) of gender are you measuring? (gender role, gender identity, gender relations)
- Challenges of accounting for sex
 - -Many models use male-only animals
 - -Sex of cell lines is often unknown







Understanding Sex and Gender Differences in Health Outcomes Neither biological (sex) nor gender explanations fully account for the differences in men's and

- women's health
- developed





 An understanding of how these factors combine to affect the health of men and women is not fully



Sometimes it is not entirely about work





THE DIFFICULTY OF BALANCING WORK AND FAMILY LIFE : IMPACT ON THE PHYSICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH OF QUEBEC FAMILIES

INSTITUT NATIONAL DE SANTÉ PUBLIQUE DU QUÉBEC

Québec 🔡

- women to the labour market
- A service sector
- **A** atypical jobs
- work-family conflict
- 🔺 stress
- mental and physical health

Catalogue no. 89-503-XPE

Women in Canada

Sixth edition

A gender-based statistical report



Canadä



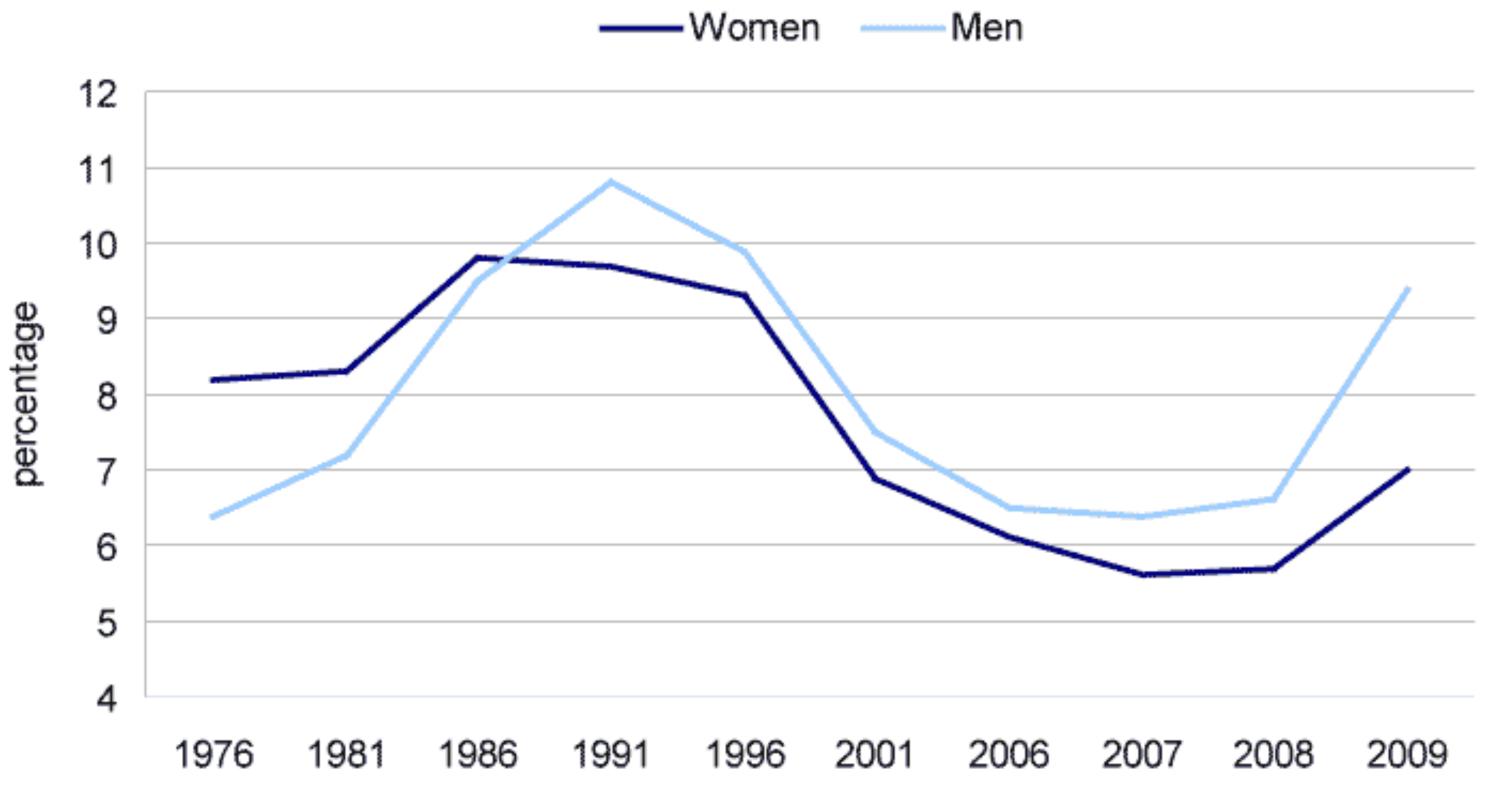
Home > Publications > 89-503-X > Main page > Paid Work >

Table 2 Percentage of the population aged 15 years and over who are employed, by province, 1976 to 2009

Provinces	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men
	1976		1986		1991		1996		2001		2006		2009	
	percentage													
Newfoundland and Labrador	27.7	57.5	35.8	52.5	40.8	51.3	38.5	46.1	44.6	51.0	48.3	52.7	47.8	52.5
Prince Edward Island	38.0	66.3	46.1	63.2	49.1	59.8	51.3	61.8	55.0	63.2	58.9	63.5	57.9	62.2
Nova Scotia	36.0	65.8	43.0	61.4	47.1	61.6	46.4	58.0	51.6	60.6	55.0	61.1	56.4	61.0
New Brunswick	34.0	62.2	41.2	58.1	44.8	58.1	46.7	57.0	51.1	59.2	55.1	61.3	56.1	62.0
Quebec	37.4	70.5	45.7	66.8	48.1	64.1	47.7	61.7	51.7	64.4	55.6	65.0	56.7	62.9
Ontario	45.8	75.3	54.4	73.9	55.6	68.7	53.6	66.1	57.6	68.6	59.0	68.1	58.2	64.4
Manitoba	44.5	73.8	52.8	70.8	54.6	68.1	54.7	68.7	58.1	70.9	60.7	71.2	60.3	71.4
Saskatchewan	41.1	75.1	52.1	71.4	54.6	69.6	54.2	68.1	55.7	68.2	60.6	71.3	61.8	71.8
Alberta	49.2	80.0	57.1	73.6	59.5	73.8	60.7	73.9	62.8	75.1	64.6	76.9	64.1	74.5
British Columbia	41.9	71.3	47.9	66.3	53.5	67.3	53.6	66.5	54.6	63.6	58.0	67.2	57.5	64.5
Canada	41.9	72.7	50.3	69.6	52.8	66.9	52.1	65.0	55.6	66.8	58.3	67.7	58.3	65.2
Source: Statistic	s Canada,	Labou	ir Force Su	rvey.					-					



Chart 8 Unemployment rate for women and men, 1976 to 2009



year

- Canada.
- •Women experience a heavier burden of chronic illness.
- •Men's and women's use of the health system differs.
- •They respond differently to therapies.





Significant Differences in Health **Outcomes for Men and Women**

•Men die younger than women: 78 years compared to 82.7 years in





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Key Messages

- •There are unique research questions that need to be addressed related to gender, sex, work and health.
- •Sex and gender are every body's business.
- •Accounting for gender and sex strengthens science and makes workplace and work-related health research more equitably applicable to people's real-world needs.







